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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/849,378	05/20/2004	Koichi Miyachi	1035-510	6503
23117 NIXON & VAN	7590 02/08/200° NDERHYE PC	EXAMINER		
901 NORTH GI	LEBE ROAD, 11TH F	CHIEN, LUCY P		
ARLINGTON, VA 22203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2871	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/08/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/849,378	MIYACHI, KOICHI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Lucy P. Chien	2871				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	opears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN .136(a). In no event, however, may a d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. IBANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u></u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)☑ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-40 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-40 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	awn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on 5/20/2004 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the B	accepted or b) objected or b) object	nnce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 12/18/2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

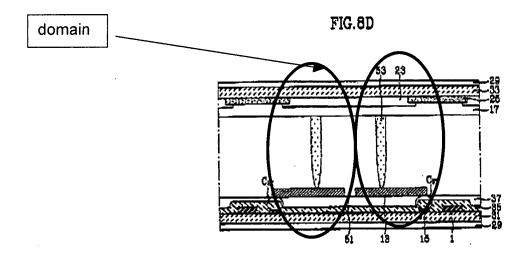
Claim 1-7,9-13,15-30,32-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kim et al (US 6774967) in view of Kim et al (US 6356335).

Regarding Claim 1,24,20

Kim et al (US 6774967) discloses (Figure 8D) a pair of substrate (31,33) respectively having electrodes (17,13) on opposing surfaces, the pair of substrates sandwiching a liquid crystal layer (the space between 17 and 13). A plurality of domains (shown below) formed within a display region when a voltage is applied to the electrodes, the plurality of domains being such that liquid crystal molecules are aligned

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in different directions from domain to domain, at least one of the electrodes on the pair of substrates having an aperture section (shown below). The liquid crystal layer having a plurality protrusion section (53) which connects the electrodes (17,13) Kim et al discloses (Figure 14) a aperture (51) and protrusion section (53) extending across the liquid crystal layer and which connects the electrodes, and wherein the aperture section is bend in such a manner that sides of the aperture and protrusion section extend in directions which respectively form about 45° with a long side and a short side of the display region. And the bent parts of the protrusion section are located in regions corresponding to olid portions of the electrode.



Kim et al does not disclose the protrusion sections are discontinuous.

Kim et al discloses (US 6356335). (Fig. 8e) the protrusion (57) are discontinous (shown protrusions being separated) which are used to be provided to obtain multidomain effect.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art to modify Kim et al to include Kim et al's protrusion being discontinous motivated by the desire to obtain

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multi-domain effect which widens the viewing angle to achieve a high brightness by stable arrangements of the liquid crystal molecules. (column 2, rows 1-5).

Regarding Claim 2,25,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335).as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (Figure 8D) at least one of the electrodes (13) has a protrusion (53) as the protrusion section within the display region; and a height of the protrusion is identical to a thickness of the liquid crystal layer (shown above).

Regarding Claim 3,26

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (Figure 8D) the protrusion (53) is provided to only one of the electrodes on the pair of substrates.

Regarding Claim 4,27,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335).as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (Figure 8D) the protrusion is provided to the electrode (17) which opposes the electrode (13) having the aperture section (51).

Regarding Claim 5,28,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (Figure 7A which is the section view of Figure 8D) there are domain boundaries at the protrusion section and at the aperture section, the domain boundaries being boundaries between the domains in which the liquid crystal molecules are aligned in different direction from domain to domain.

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Regarding Claim 6,29,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (Figure 7A which is the section view of Figure 8D) the protrusion section is provided outside a region where, in a two-dimensional view, the aperture section is provided.

Regarding Claim 7,30

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses the protrusion section (53) is made of dielectric material. (Column6, rows 25-28).

Regarding Claim 9,21,32,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses the liquid crystal layer has negative dielectric anisotropy. (Column 8, rows 23-28). The liquid crystal molecules are initially aligned vertically with respect to the electrodes. (Column 3, Rows 8-16)

Regarding Claim 10,33

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses a surface of the protrusion section is subjected to an alignment process which is different from an alignment process of regions other than the surface of the protrusion section.

The applicant is claiming, "a surface of the protrusion section is subjected to an alignment process which is different from an alignment process of regions other than

the surface of the protrusion section." There is no affect on the structure therefore the alignment process doesn't affect the patentability of the device itself.

Regarding Claim 11,34,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses a surface of the protrusion section is subjected to a horizontal alignment process so that the liquid crystal molecules are initially aligned in parallel with the surface of the protrusion section. (Column 10, rows 60-67, Column 11 1-5).

Regarding Claim 12,35,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses an alignment film is provided to the display region of the pair of substrates, whereas no alignment film is provided to a surface of the protrusion section. (Column 10, Rows 39-46)

Regarding Claim 13,36,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335).as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (figure 8D) the protrusion section is tilted with respect to a thickness direction of the air of substrates.

Regarding Claim 15,37,

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (Figure 7A which is the section view of Figure 8D) the protrusion section (53) is provided in parallel with the aperture section.

Regarding Claim 16-18,38,39

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (figure 14) the protrusion and aperture section is substantially V-shaped.

Regarding Claim 19,40

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335).as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (figure 14) wherein the aperture section includes one or more apertures defined in a pixel electrode.

Regarding Claim 22

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses (figure 14) wherein the protrusion section is substantially parallel to the aperture section.

Regarding Claim 23

In addition to Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335).as disclosed above, Kim et al (US 6774967) further discloses wherein the protrusion section extends across the liquid crystal layer (Fig. 8d) and is made of a different material than is the liquid crystal.

Claim 8,31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kim et al (US 6774967and of Kim et al (US 6356335).in view of Takeda et al (US 6724452).

Regarding Claim 8,31,

Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) disclose everything as disclosed above.

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Kim et al (US 6774967) and Kim et al (US 6356335) do not disclose the protrusion section is made of a light-shielding material.

Takeda et al disclose (Column 26, Rows 32-38) the protrusion made of lightshielding material to prevent passage of visible light whereby contrast improves.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention to modify Kim et al and Kim et al's display to include Takeda et al's protrusion made of light-shielding material motivated by the desire to prevent passage of visible light whereby contrast improves.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lucy P. Chien whose telephone number is 571-272-8579. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Nelms can be reached on (571)272-1787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Lucy P Chien Examiner Art Unit 2871

ALLUS SCHECHTER
PRIMARY EXAMINER